

BP-5

**Functional Expression and Characterization of Recombinant Chitinase
from Antarctic Psychrophilic Bacterium *Sanguibacter antarcticus* KCTC
13143**

Ju Young Kim*, Ha Ju Park, Dockyu Kim, Chang-Eun Lee, Il-Chan Kim,
and Joung Han Yim

Polar BioCenter, Korea Polar Research Institute, KORDI, Korea

A psychrophilic *Sanguibacter antarcticus* KCTC 13143 has been previously isolated from sea sand on King Sejong Station in Antarctica. An cold-active endochitinase gene, designated *chi21702*, from KCTC 13143 was PCR- amplified, cloned into pEXP5-CT/TOPO vector, and overexpressed in *Escherichia coli* BL21(DE3) without its signal-peptide and with an C-terminal His-tag. The recombinant chitinase (R-Chi21702) was approximately 56 kDa in size, most of which was converted to inclusion body having no chitinae activity against oligomers of N-acetylglucosamine. In next step, refolding experiment for the inert chitinase was carried out using optimized refolding conditions. The refolded R-Chi21702 was then purified using a Ni-NTA column, which restored its chitinase specific activity (5.0 U/mg). The optimal reaction temperature and pH of R-chitinase were determined to be 40 °C and pH 8.0, respectively.

[Supported by Korea Polar Research Institute in KORDI]