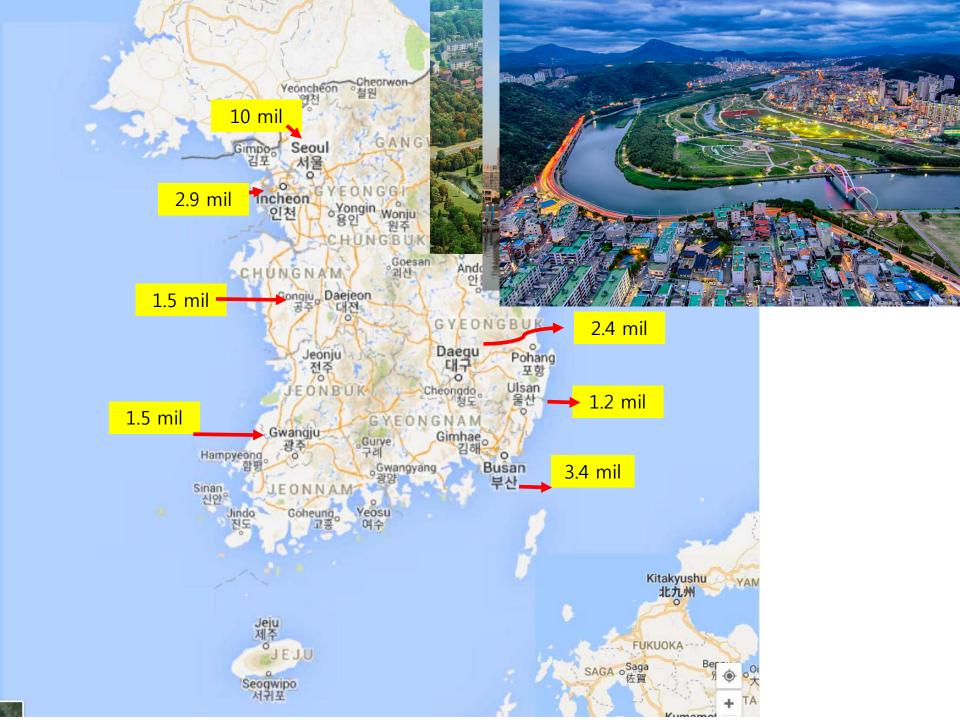


https://www.google.cl/maps/@35.5902647,123.1184122,5.25z?hl=en

Some Facts of Korea

- Population: 50 mil (25mil north) 99% ethnically Korean
- Area: 100,210 km² (13% of Chile)
- GDP per capita(2015) 27,221 US\$
- Main Industries: Electronics, Telecommunications, Automobile, Chemicals, Shipbuilding, Steel, etc





History of Korea

- Prehistory : ~ BC 108
- Proto Three Kingdoms
- Three Kingdoms & Silla: BC 57 ~ AD 935
- Goryeo: 918 ~ 1392 (474), Gaesung
- Joseon: 1392 ~ 1897 (505), Seoul
- Korean Empire : 1897 ~ 1910
- Japanese Rule : 1910 ~ 1945
- Provisional Government: 1919 ~ 1948
- South/North Korea: 1948 ~
- Korean War : 1950 ~ 1953



AD 1443

Japanese Rule

- Plunder natural resources and rice
- Forced Labor
- Forced Military Service
- Comfort Women

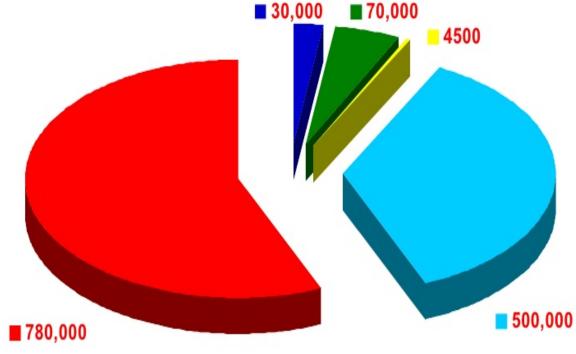


Korean War : 1950 ~53





Casualties in the Korean War





Korean Alphabet Chart

Consonants	Vowels									
	}	þ	7	╡		7	7	Т	-	1
	(a)	(ya)	(0)	(yo)	(oh)	(yo)	(ow)	(you)	(er)	(ee)
¬(G)	가	フ;	거	겨	卫	11/	구	7	ユ	フ
ㄴ(N)	나	냐	너	녀	上	77	누	뉴	<u>_</u>	니
⊏(D)	다	댜	더	뎌	도	댠	누	뉴	드	디
ㄹ(R/L)	라	랴	러	려	豆	豆	루	류	르	리
□(M)	마	먀	머	멱	卫	品	무	뮤	旦	미
⊟(B)	바	申	버	벼	上	井	부	뷰	旦	비
스(S)	사	샤	서	셔	소	쇼	수	슈	스	시
○ Silent	아	ोः	어	여	오	요	우	유	<u></u>	ो
ズ(J)	자	쟈	저	져	조	岙	주	쥬	즈	지
ㅊ(CH)	차	챠	처	쳐	초	孟	亭	츄	츠	치
⊣(K)	카	캬	커	켜	코	显	쿠	큐	크.	7]
E(T)	타	盽	터	텨	토	豆	투	튜	Ë	티
Σ (P)	파	퍄	파	퍼	平	丑	平	퓨	<u> 77</u>	피
ਰ (H)	하	햐	허	혀	호	র	후	휴	<u>ō</u>	ত

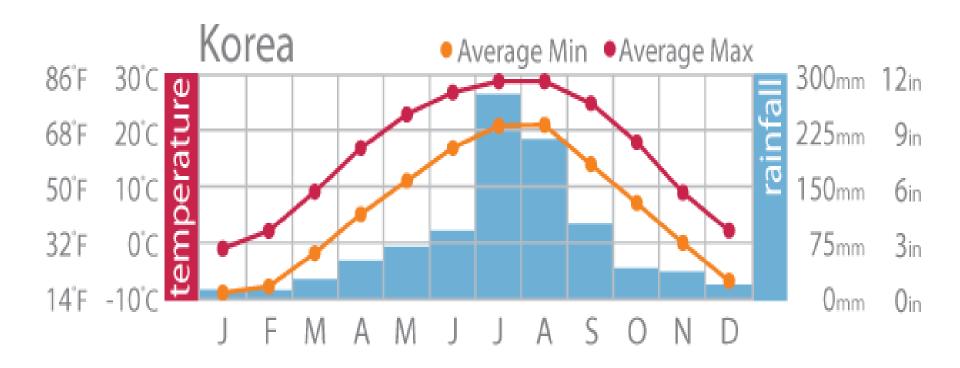
© Modern Seoul Magazine (2012)

- ➤ 14 consonants, 10 vowels
- Altaic Language Family (Turkic, Mongolic, Japanic)
- Word order (S+O+V), Often Subject ellipsis, No distinctive intonation

Hanbok: Traditional Costume



Weather in Korea



➤ Coldest Temp in Seoul : -18.8 (January 24, 2016), Seoul

- 29.2 (January 16, 2001), Chulwon

- 43.6 Jungkangjin (north Korea)

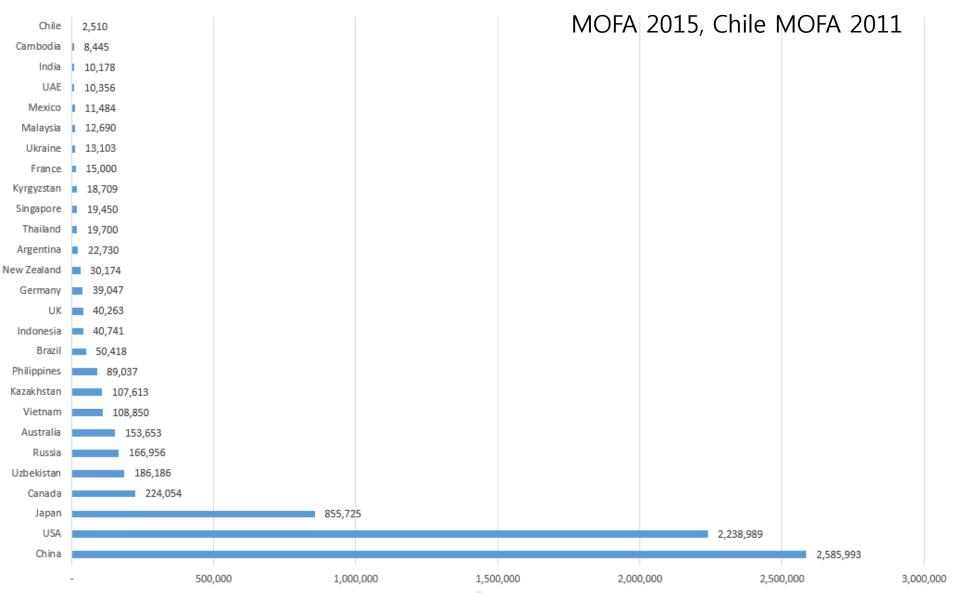
➤ Hottest Temp in Korea: 38.4 (July 24, 1994), Seoul

40.0 (August 1, 1942), Daegu

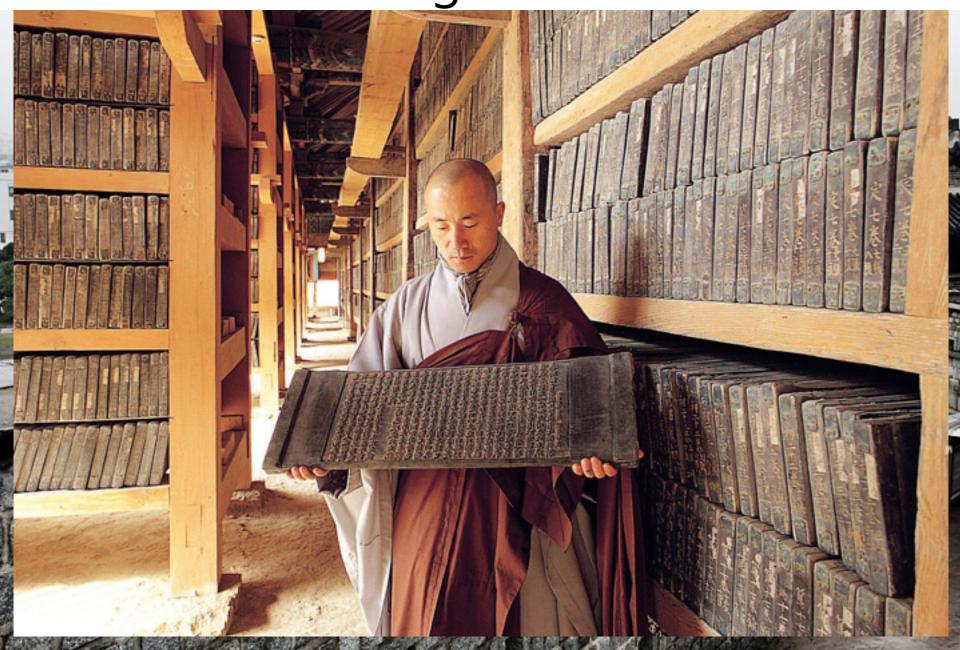
Four Seasons in Korea



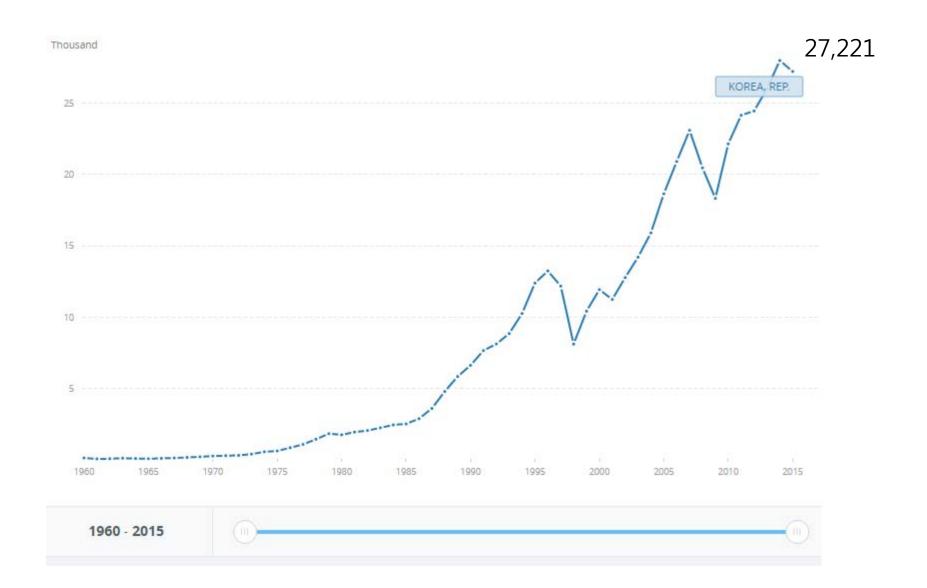
Korean Diaspora



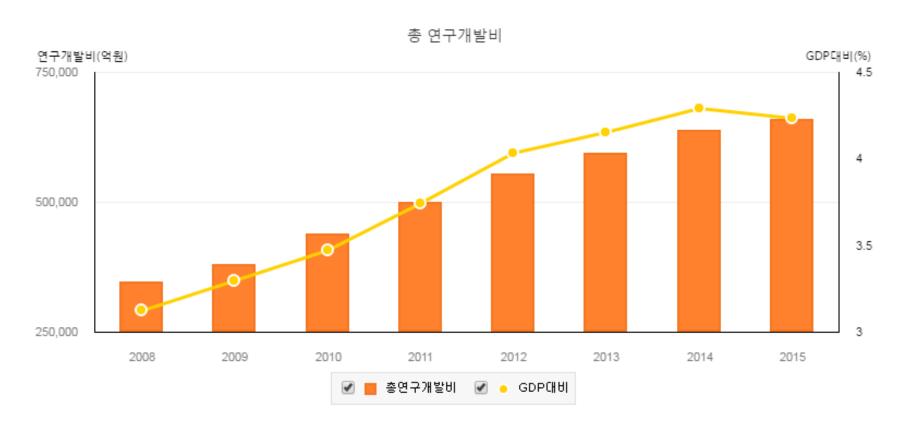
World Heritage Sites in Korea



GDP per capita / world bank



Total R&D

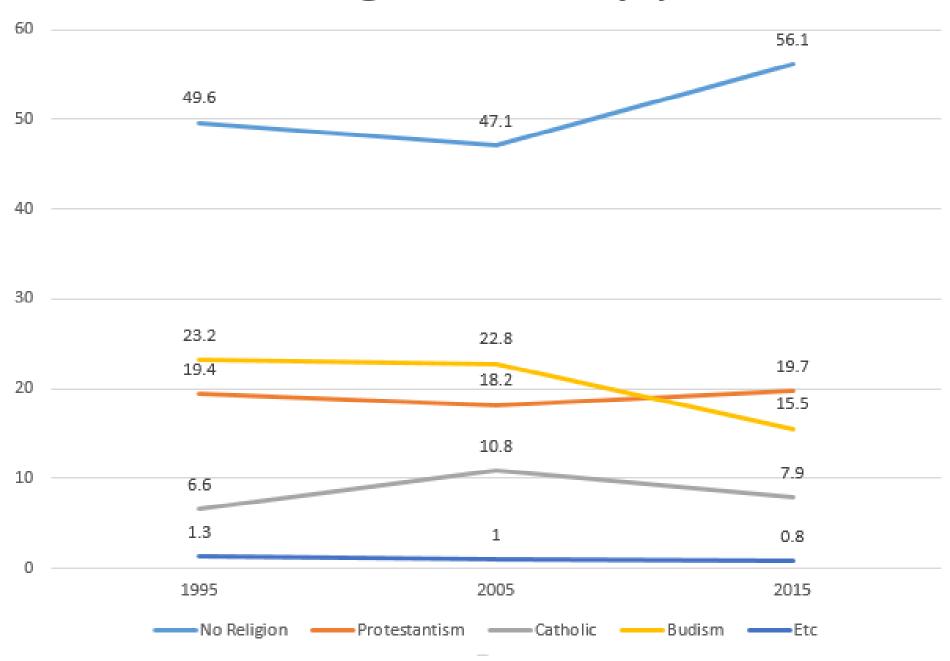


2015 Total R&D: 58 bill US \$, 4.24% of GDP, Top 6th in the world

GDP ratio is top

Government & Public Sector: 25%

Religions in Korea (%)



10 Things Korea does better anywhere else (http://edition.cnn.com/2013/11/27/travel/10-things-south-korea-does-best/)



Relations with Chile

- > Traditional Allied State firstly recognized Korea in South America (1949. 5), The treaty of amity at 1962
- > Frist Partner of Korea FTA
- > Korea to Chile (2013)
 - 5th Export Market (China, US, Japan, Brazil)
 - 6th Import Partner (US, China, Brazil, Argentina, Germany)
- > Annual Trade 7,100 mil US\$ (2013)(export 2,500, import 4,600)
 - Export : Autos(50%), Mobile-phones, Heavy Equipment, Chemicals, Steel, ect
 - Import : Cooper(70%), Pulp, Fruits, Pork Meat, Fish, Wine, etc
- > S&T Cooperation Agreement (1994)
 - active in the areas of Space, Biotechnology & Antarctica
- > Antarctic Gateway since inaguaration of King Sejong Station 1988

Vinya Del Mar International Song Festival, 1975



BTS in Santiago, 2017



Korean Short History in Polar Activities

- √ 1986 Joining the Antarctic Treaty
- √ 1988 The Antarctic King Sejong Station
- √ 1989 Entitled as ATCP
- √ 1990 Full member of SCAR
- ✓ 2002 Arctic Dasan station Opened in Svalbard and Full member of IASC
- √ 2004 KOPRI as an autonomous institute in KIOST
- √ 2009 Launching of RV ARAON and annual bipolar research cruise
- ✓ 2012 Oct, Joining the Treaty concerning the Archipelago of Spitsbergen
- ✓ 2013 May, Observer of AC
- ✓ 2014 Feb, the Antarctic Jang Bogo research station
- ✓ 2014 April, KOPRI-NPI Lab at FRAM Center, Tromso, Norway
- ✓ 2014 Nov, Korea-New Zealand Antarctic Cooperation Center
- ✓ 2016 Feb, Korea-Chile Antarctic Cooperation Center

KOPRI is

Leading agency for the national polar program (both Antarctic and Arctic)

Research institute, logistics provider, Advisor

Statutory, government funded research institute under the Ministry of Oceans & Fisheries

- 25 GRIs under the National Research Council of S&T, MSIP

Autonomous institute affiliated with KIOST (Korea Institute of Ocean Science and Technology)

No. of Employees: 302/Annual Budget(2017): USD 99mil

KOPRI's vision and management goals

VISION A Global Leading Institute for Polar Research

MANAGEMENT GOAL

Establishment of a problem-solving (solution-creating) polar research system in touch with the public

THREE OBJECTIVES

1

Strengthening the research capacity on climate change in the polar regions in response to the new climate system

2

Creating the polar (unique) value to enhance next-generation national competitiveness

3

Expanding the basis for polar research through international partnerships and industry -academia-research collaboration system

PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES

- Creating a research environment centered upon the institute's core functions
- Establishing research and management culture of efficiency and integrity
- Maximizing polar research outcomes and disseminating polar culture through industry-academia-research collaboration and communication with the public

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- Identifying the role of the Antarctic in the global climate change
- Establishing a foothold for a strategic entry into the Arctic to lead the Cold Rush era
- Creating future value based on a spirit of challenge toward unexplored regions and technology to utilize polar resources

RESEARCH PROJECTS

MANAGEMENT

Organization

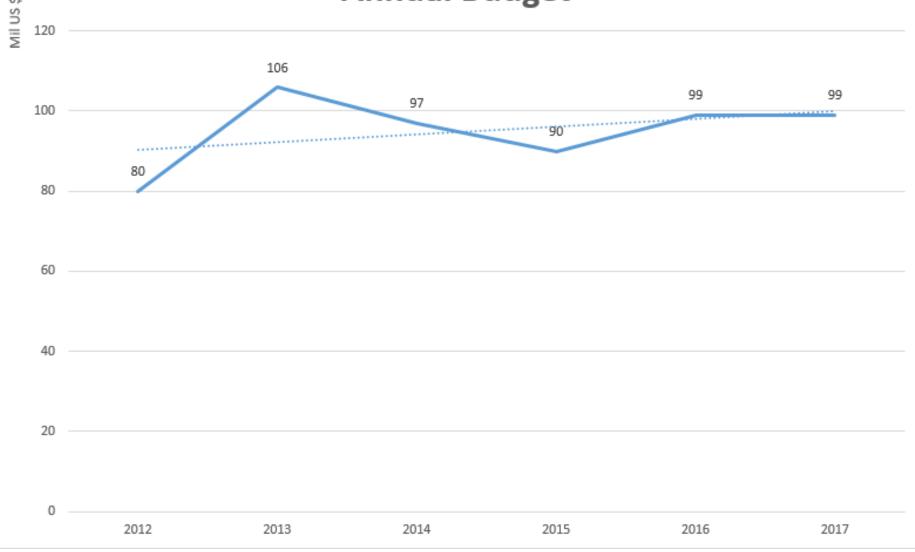
5 research divisions

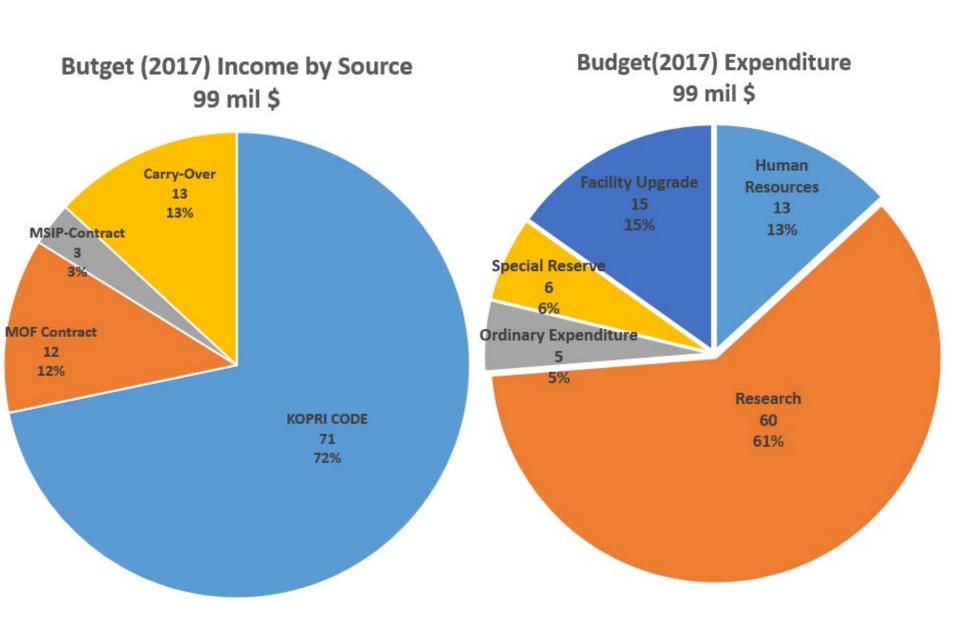
- Polar Climate Sciences
- Polar Earth-System Sciences
- Polar Ocean Sciences
- Polar Life Sciences
- Polar Paleo-environment

4 mission-driven research units

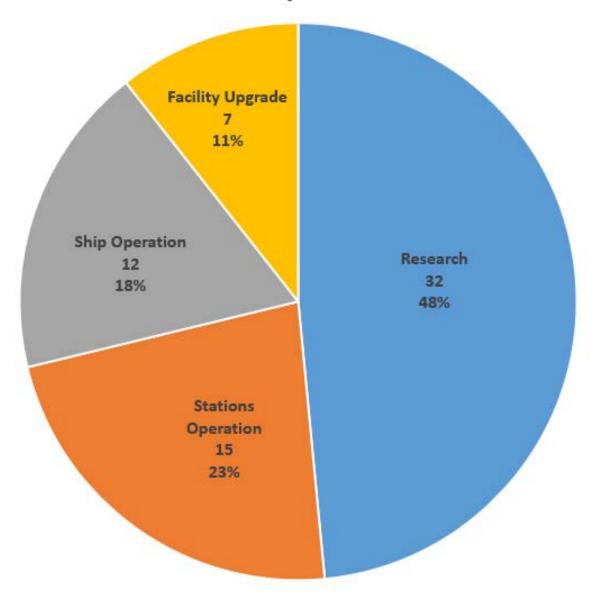
- Antarctic K-Route Expedition
- Ice Sheet & Sea Level Changes
- Polar Genomics
- Arctic Sea-Ice Prediction
- Polar Logistics, Strategy & Cooperation, Management & Planning, Administration

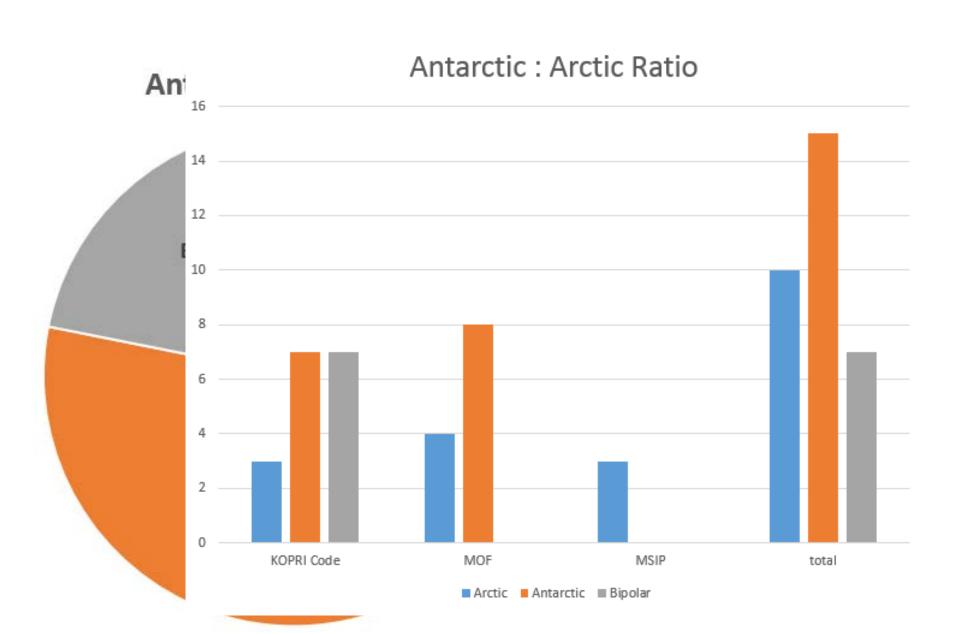
Annual Budget



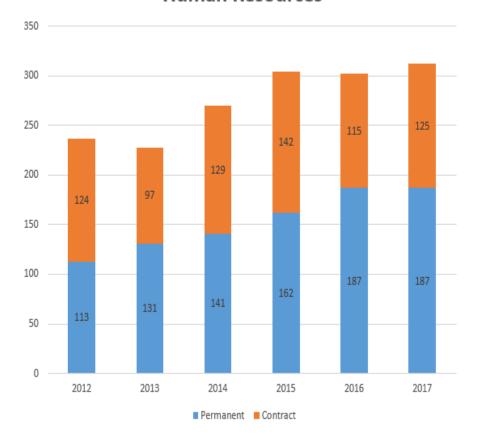


Research: Opeartion Ratio

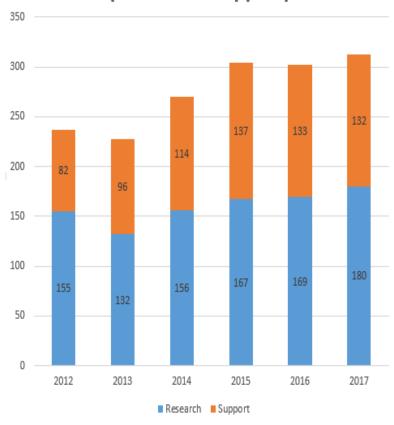




Human Resources

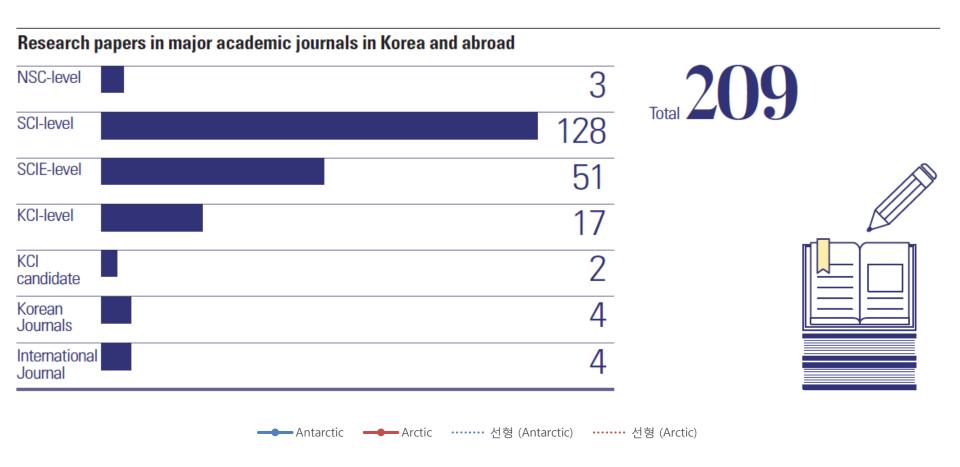


Human Resources (Research : Support)





KOPRI Research Paper Statistics(2011-2015)





ARTICLE

Received 20 Oct 2015 | Accepted 6 Jan 2017 | Published 17 Feb 2017

DOI: 10.1038/ncomms14507

OPEN

Mechanisms driving variability in the ocean forcing of Pine Island Glacier

Benjamin G.M. Webber¹, Karen J. Heywood¹, David P. Stevens², Pierre Dutrieux^{3,4,5}, E. Povl Abrahamsen⁵, Adrian Jenkins⁵, Stanley S. Jacobs³, Ho Kyung Ha⁶, Sang Hoon Lee⁷ & Tae Wan Kim⁷

Pine Island Glacier (PIG) terminates in a rapidly melting ice shelf, and ocean circulation and temperature are implicated in the retreat and growing contribution to sea level rise of PIG and

Korean Research Infrastructure

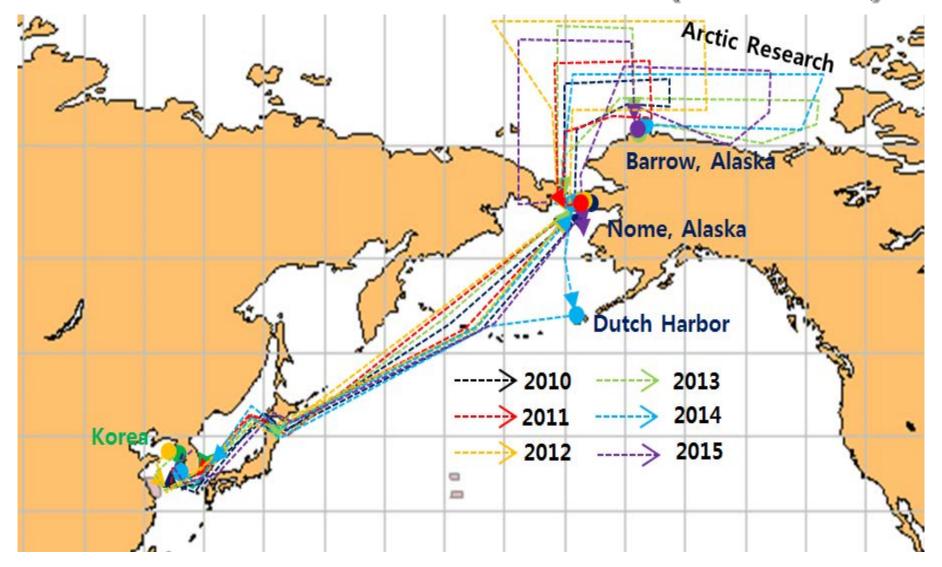


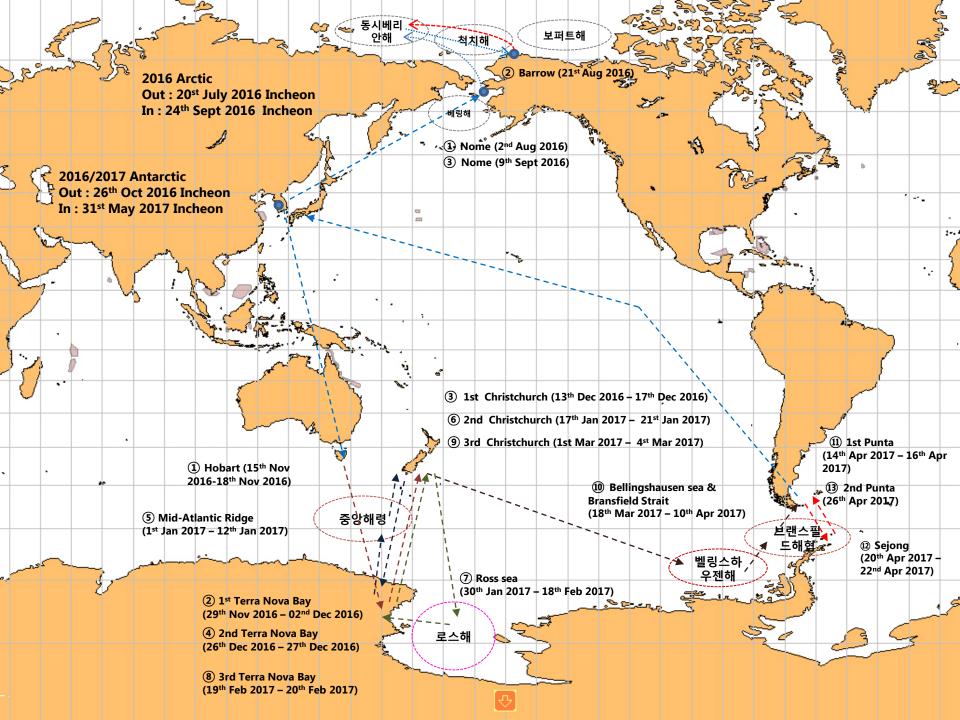
KOPRI at Incheon 8 3 3 5 8 3 3 5 8 3 3 5

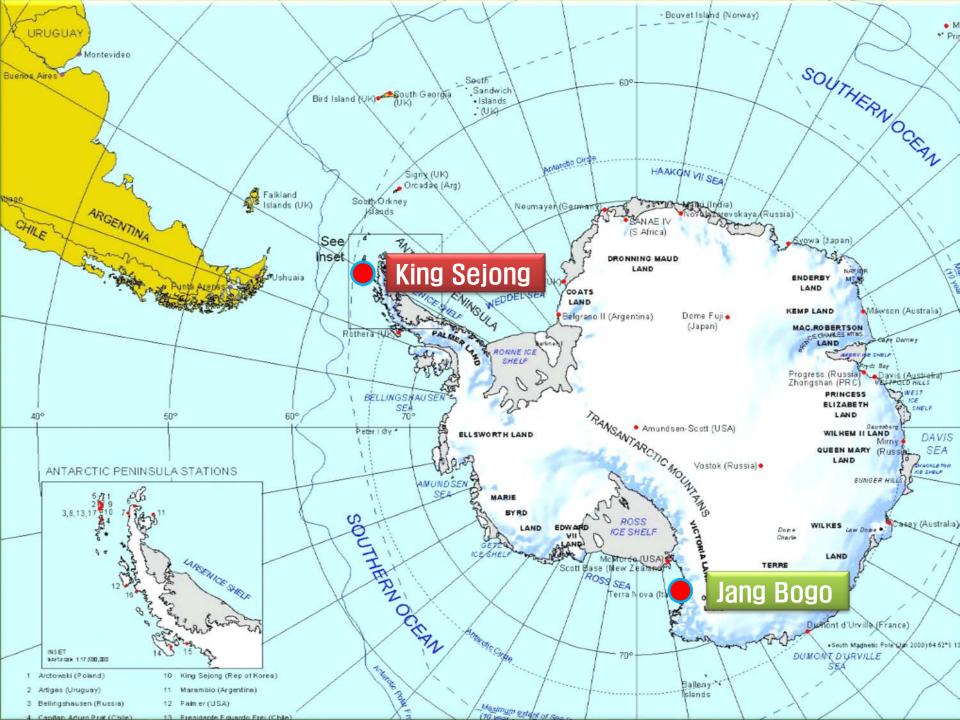
- Tonnage : 7,487 GRT
- Manning: 85 persons (25+60)
- Cruise Speed: 12 knot
- Endurance : 20,000 nm (70 days)
- Classification: KR PL-10
 (1 m thick ice breaking at 3 knot, Dnv Polar 10)
- Propulsion : Azimuth Thruster
 - Diesel electric plant : 10 MW (5 MW x 2)
- DP-2 System



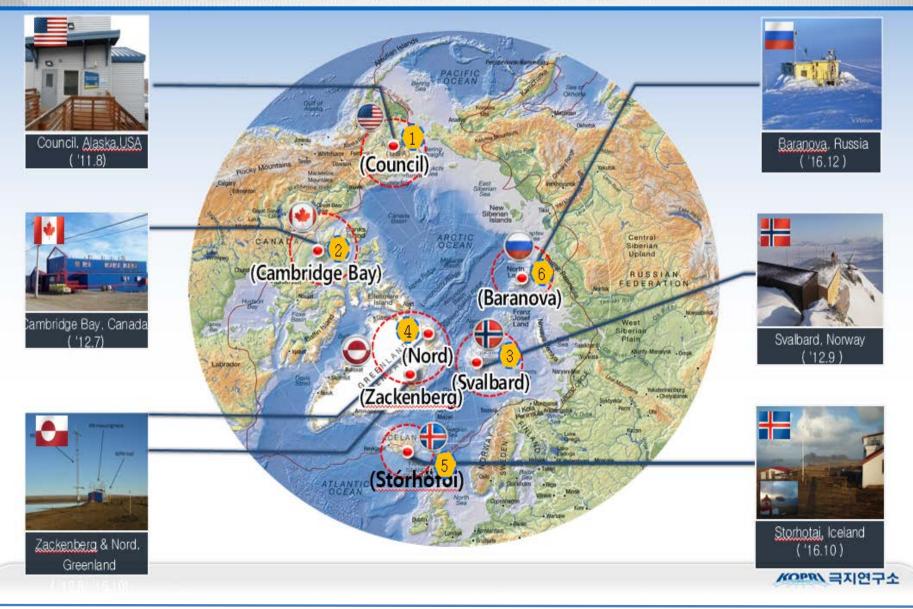
Arctic Research Cruise of Araon (2010~2015)







Korean Circum-Arctic Observation Nodes







- ➤ The gross area : about 4,200 m²
 - 11 buildings included main building, independent research buildings
- > The independent research buildings
 - Upper air observatory, Geophysical observatory, Atmospheric boundary layer observatory, Space weather observatory, Atmospheric chemistry observatory.

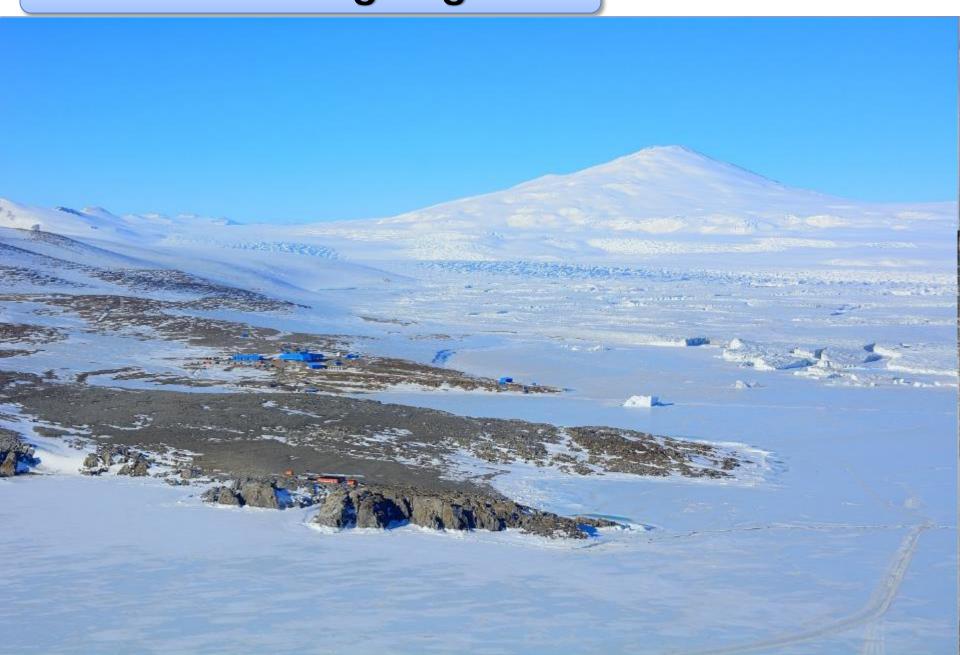


Ross sea & Jang Bogo





Pics on Jang Bogo



❖ Operation on the sea-ice runway



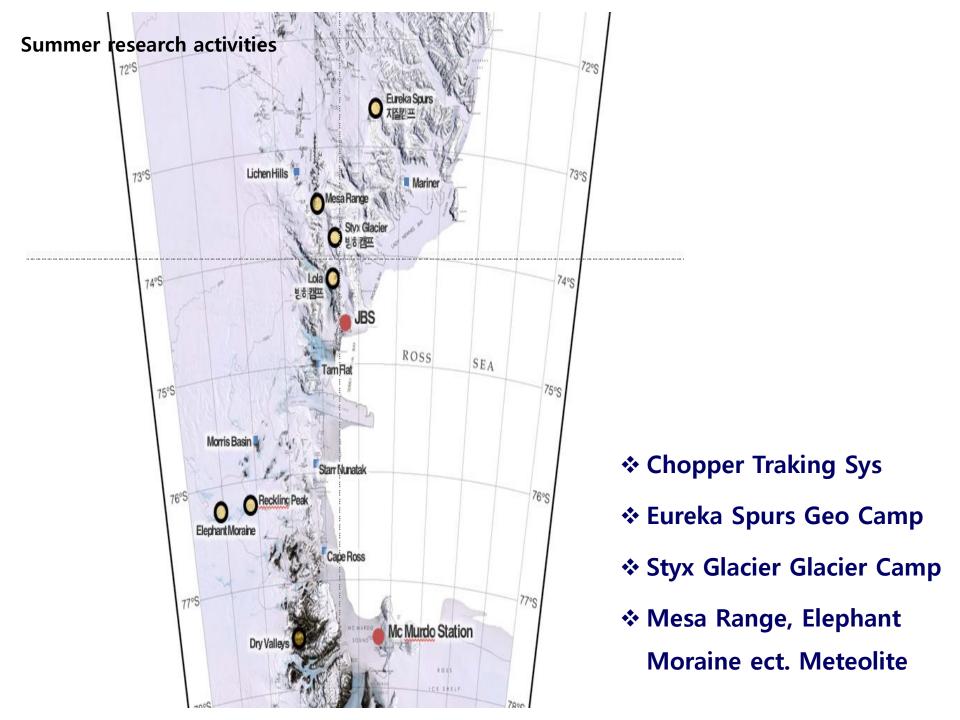






Logistic operation by Araon





Major in-house research programs for the next period(2017-2019)

Beginning a new 3 year funding cycle and program selection completed

Implementation of SCAR Horizon Scan(2014) & ICARP3 (2015) and the National Plan

Climate changes in the Antarctic (in global context); observation and prediction

Arctic changes; how to understand and how to prepare for

New horizons in polar research; continental, astronomical research, carbon sequestration

In-house research projects(13 projects)

- Global issue research; 7 projects including research on Antarctic climate change, Antarctic marine environment and ecology and Antarctic sea ice
- Application oriented research and new emerging research; 4 projects
- Arctic climate change and satellite observation; 2 projects

List of In-house projects(1)

No.	Title	Key word
1	Characterizing mantle domain beneath West Antarctic Rift System and Antarctic mid-ocean ridges	Crust/mantle structure, uplift of TAM, Antarctic MORB, Seamounts, Antarctic mantle domain, West Antarctic Rift Systems
2	Ocean-to-Ice Interactions in Amundsen Sea: Ice shelf melting and its impact on ocean processes	Western Antarctic warming, Ice shelf retreat, Ocean circulation, Global climate change, Southern Ocean Ecosystem, Biogeochemical Cycle
3	Modeling responses of terrestrial organisms to environmental changes on King George Island	environmental change, terrestrial ecosystem, King George Island, modeling biological responses, critical zone observatory, prediction of ecological change
4	Reconstruction of past climate and environmental changes using high resolution ice core records in Victoria Land, Antarctica	Antarctica, Greenland Ice Core, Paleoclimate, Climate Change, High Resolution
5	Reconstruction of Antarctic ice sheet and ocean history for the past two million years using sediment records	Sediment, Antarctica, Climate change, paleoenvironment, Ice sheet, Ocean

List of In-house projects(2)

No.	Title	Key word
6	Investigation for the cause of east-west different climate responses in Antarctica	Antarctica, Climate Change, Atmosphere circulation, In- situ Observation, Numerical Modelling, Global Issue
7	Studies on the Changes in Coastal Marine Systems of the Antarctic Peninsula: A 2050 Outlook	Rapid warming, Glacier retreat, Ocean acidification, King Sejong Station, Antarctic Peninsula, Marian Cove, Coastal marine system, Future scenario modelling, 2050 Outlook
8	Analysis technique development for satellite observation of Arctic sea ice	Arctic sea, sea ice, remote sensing, data processing, information system, observation, network
9	Development and Application of the Korea Polar Prediction System (KPOPS) for Climate Change and Disastrous Weather Events	Cloud Microphysics, Polar Prediction System, Weather Extremes

List of In-house projects(3)

No.	Title	Key word
10	The Antarctic Korean Route Expedition and Development of Technologies for Deep Ice Coring and Hot Water Drilling	Korean Route, Subglacial Lake, Hot Water Drill, Deep Ice Core Drill, Single cell technology, Isotope
11	Understanding polar upper atmospheric changes by energy inputs from the space environment and the lower atmosphere	Polar upper atmosphere, Space weather forecast, Space environment, Aurora
12	Polar Genomics 101 Project: Genome analysis of polar organisms and establishment of application platform	Genome, Proteome, Transcriptome, Environmental adaptation, Transformation
13	Commercialization of useful metabolites from polar organisms	Biomaterial in polar region, Secondary metabolite, MS library, Medicine, cold adapted-enzyme, anti- freezing biopolymer

List of Contract Projects

No.	Title	Ministry
1	Korea Arctic Ocean Observing System (K- AOOS)	MOF/2.8mil
2	Investigation of Submarine Resource Environment & Seabed Methane Release in the Arctic	MOF/1mil
3	Investigating Cryospheric Evolution of the Victoria Land, Antarctica	MOF/1.6mil
4	Crustal Evolution of Victoria Land, Antarctica, and the Formative Process of Planets	MOF/2.4mil
5	Bioinformatics Study on Analysis of Marine Microbial Genomes	MOF/50thousand
6	Surface pCO2 Observations along R/V Araon's Cruise Track in the Coastal Seas & the East Sea Around the Korean Peninsular	MOF/4.1thousand

List of Contract Projects

No.	Title	Ministry
7	Circum Arctic Permafrost Environment Change Monitoring, Future Prediction & Development Techniques of Useful Biomaterials (CAPEC)	MSIP/2.6 mil
8	Changes in Environments & Coastal Geomorphology of Svalbard Fjords Arctic	MSIP/500 thousand
9	Multidisciplinary Approach to Understanding the Vulnerability of Antarctica's Physical & Ecosystem to Changing Global Climate	MSIP/58 thousand
10	Organic Carbon Transfer Arcoss the River-Sea Interface: A case Study in Geum & Sumjin River Systems	MSIP/200 thousand
11	Environmental Management & Monitoring of Antarctic Specially Protected Area	MOE/136 th

ACT ON ANTARCTIC ACTIVITIES AND THE PROTECTION OF ANTARCTIC ENVIRONMENT

Article 21 (Establishment and Implementation of Basic Plans for Promotion of Research Activities in Antarctica)

- (1) The Government shall establish a basic plan for promotion of research activities in Antarctica (hereinafter referred to as "basic plan") every five years, including the following matters in order to promote research activities in Antarctica:
- (2) The Government shall finalize basic plans through deliberation by the National Science and Technology Council under Article 9 of the Framework Act on Science and Technology and shall publish them through the Official Gazette. <Amended by Act No. 11713, Mar. 23, 2013>
- (3) The Government shall establish and implement an annual implementation plan, consistent with basic plans, for promotion of research activities in Antarctica, as prescribed by Presidential Decree.

Article 22 (Public Relations and Education)

The Government shall establish a policy for public relations and educational programs to make citizens well aware of the value of Antarctica and the importance of the environmental conservation of Antarctica.

The 3rd Antarctic R&D Master Plan

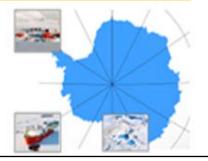
Jumping Stage

3rd Master Plan

 $(2017 \sim 21)$

Global Innovator

4th Master Plan







Strategy
Research & Intrastructu

- Peninsular ⇒ Continent: Araon, Jang Bogo Basic Sciences
- Build base for **Convergence Research**
- Contient ⇒ Inland K-Route
- Respond to the Global **Issues**
- Secure Inland Research 3rd Research Station
- Lead the international **R&D** in Antarctica

- Environment Monitoring
- R&D based on stations
- Secure the essential operation system
- Comprehensive **Environmental Protection** MPA, Antarctic Maps
- Safer and Specialized **Operational System**
- Contribute to protect the Earth Environment thru Antarctica
- Sharing the safer & Multi Infrastructure

- Outreach & Governance
- Particpate in Antarctic Governance
- Setup Experts Network
- Contribute to solve the pending common issues
- Strengthen outreaches nation wide
- Lead Antarctic Issues & Governance
- Promote Antarctic Science culture

The 3rd Antarctic R&D Master Plan

Vision

A Leading Antarctic State Contributing to Solve the Pending Common Issues of Human Society

Policy Goals

- 1. Respond to Global Issues; Climate & Ecosystem Change
- 2. Build Safer & Sustainable Polar Infrastructure System
- 3. Enhance the leadership n Antarctic Science & Governance

Major Projects

- 1. Predict & Adapt to the Global Environmental Change through the Antarctic Sciences
- 2. Explore the Inland Traverse and Unexplored Research Areas
- 3. Seek the Convergence R&D for 4th Industry Innovation
- 4. Build safer Antarctic Operation System
- 5. Raise the human resources and outreach activities
- 6. Strengthen the international cooperation
- 7. Initiate the science theme and agenda for Antarctic environmental protection

2013 Korea Arctic Master Plan

Vision

A country Contributing to the Sustainable Future of the Arctic

Policy Goals

- 1. Build a cooperative Arctic partnership
- 2. Enhance scientific research activities for the Arctic
- 3. Explore new business opportunities in the Arctic

4 Major Goals

Four Major Goals (2013-2017)

Promote International Cooperation

Strengthen Scientific Research Explore
New Opportunities

Establish Institutional Base

Muchas Gracias!

