



Asymmetric Impact of Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation on El Niño-La Niña Characteristics

21 Apr 2015

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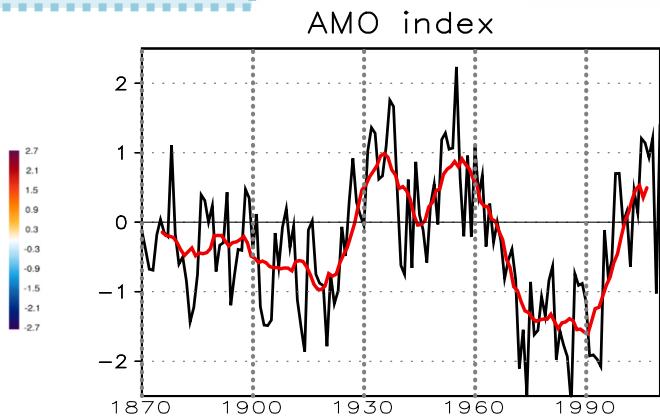
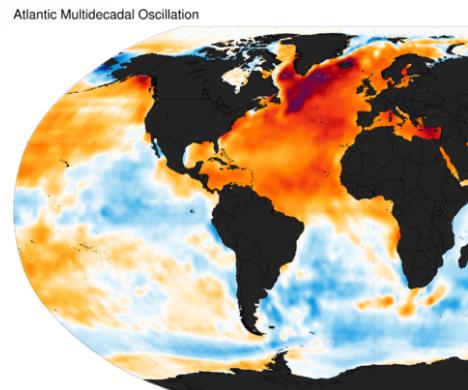
³Pohang University of Science and Technology

Introduction

AMO (Atlantic Multidecadal Oscillation)

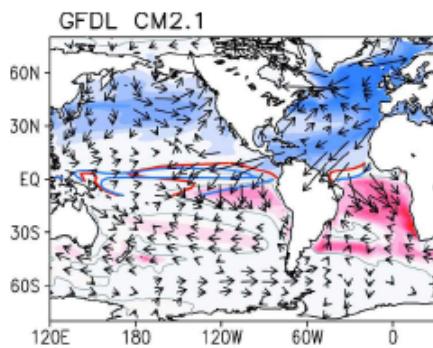
~ AMOC (Atlantic Meridional Overturning Circulation)

~ THC (Atlantic Thermohaline Circulation)



AMOC weakening
: cold North Atlantic
: -AMO (decadal)

<http://commons.wikimedia.org>



ENSO? (interannual)

**ENSO variability
increase!!**

Dong *et al.*, 2006,
Timmermann *et al.*, 2007
Zhang and Delworth, 2005

"thermocline change"
"frequency entrainment"

AMO & ENSO

-AMO

ENSO variability 증가

Data

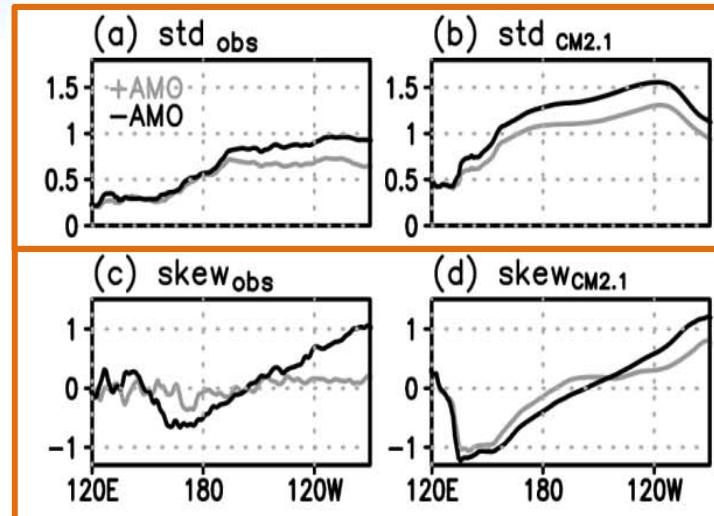
Observation : HadISST

NCEP/NCEAR Reanalysis

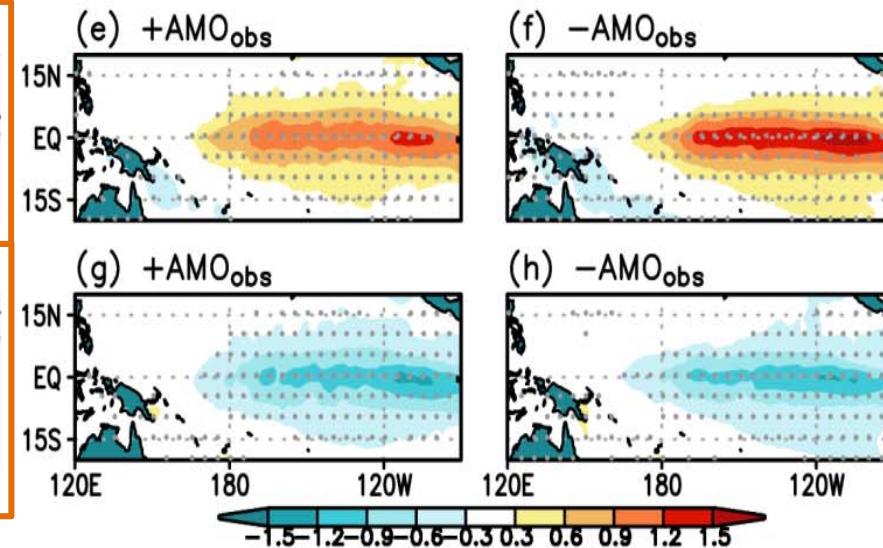
GPCP precipitation

GFDL CM2.1 pre-industrial control exp.
(500 yrs)

적도 태평양 SST

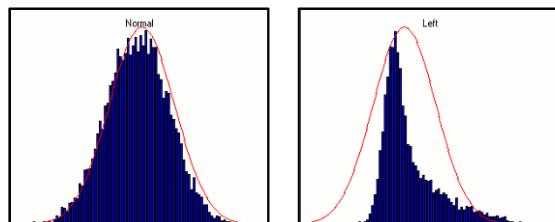


엘니뇨/라니냐 SST composite



skewness = 0

skewness > 0

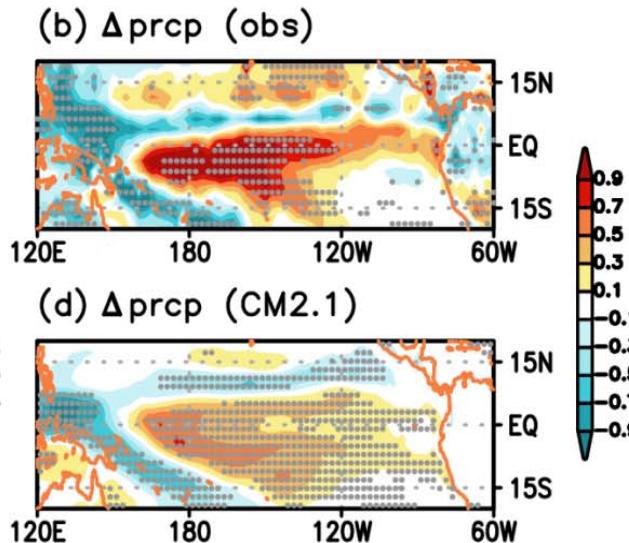
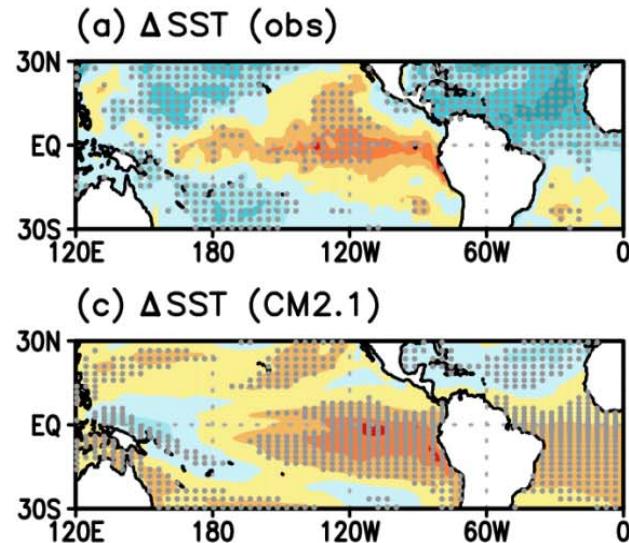


-AMO 시기[에]
엘니뇨 강도 ↑

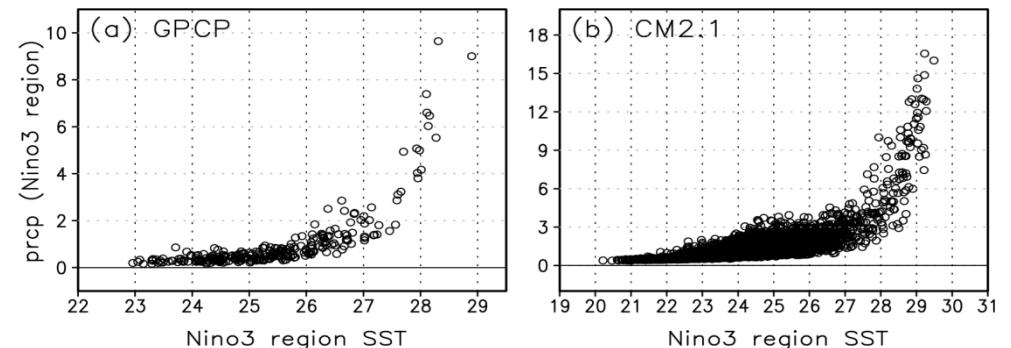
라니냐 강도 ↑

AMO & Basic state over the tropical Pacific

Mean difference (-)AMO – (+)AMO



-AMO일 때, warmer mean SST
ITCZ 남하



ΔSST 에 대한 Δprcp 는 nonlinear!

⇒ mean SST가 높을수록 대기 반응이 강하다!

AMO & Atmospheric Sensitivity

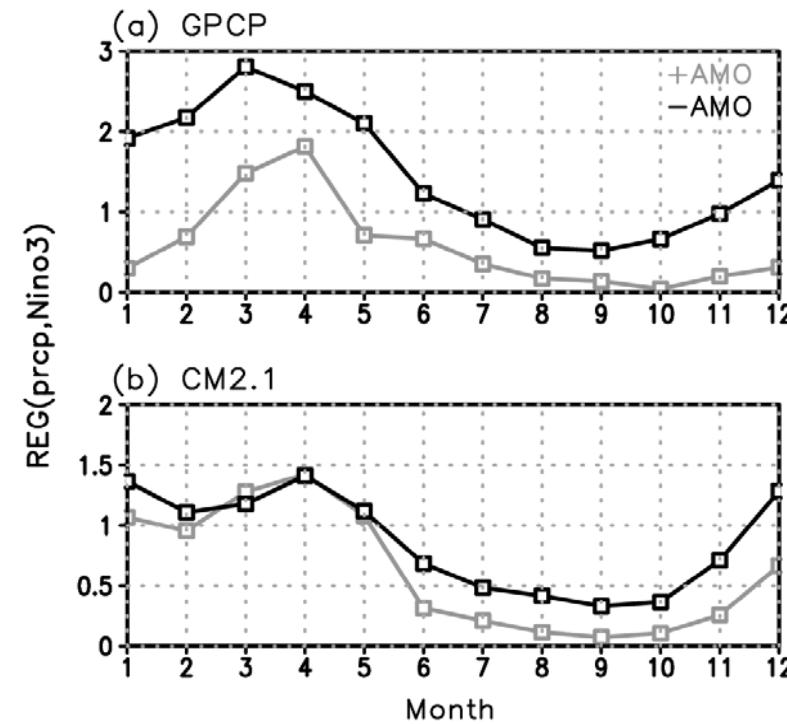
ΔSST 에 대한 $\Delta prcp$ 는 nonlinear!

⇒ mean SST가 높을수록 대기 반응이 강하다!

-AMO일 때 warmer mean SST

⇒ -AMO일 때 ΔSST 에 대한 대기 반응이 더 강하다!
(대기 민감도가 더 크다)

$$\frac{\Delta prcp_{Nino3}}{\Delta SST_{Nino3}} \rightarrow \text{Regression coefficient}$$



AMO & Atmospheric Sensitivity

ΔSST 에 대한 $\Delta prcp$ 는 nonlinear!

⇒ mean SST가 높을수록 대기 반응이 강하다!

-AMO일 때 warmer mean SST

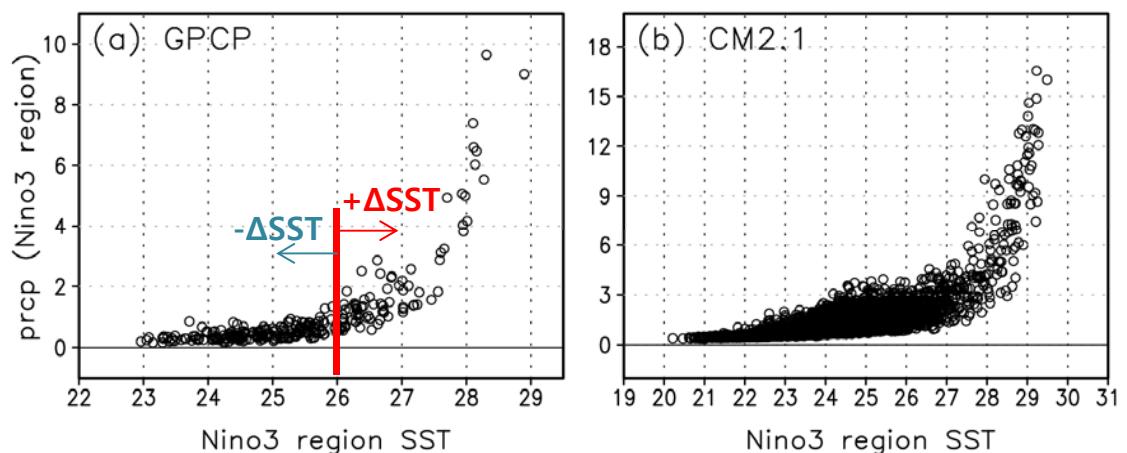
⇒ -AMO일 때 ΔSST 에 대한 대기 반응이 더 강하다?
(대기 민감도가 더 크다)

-AMO 시기에
엘니뇨 강도 ↑

라니냐 강도 ↑

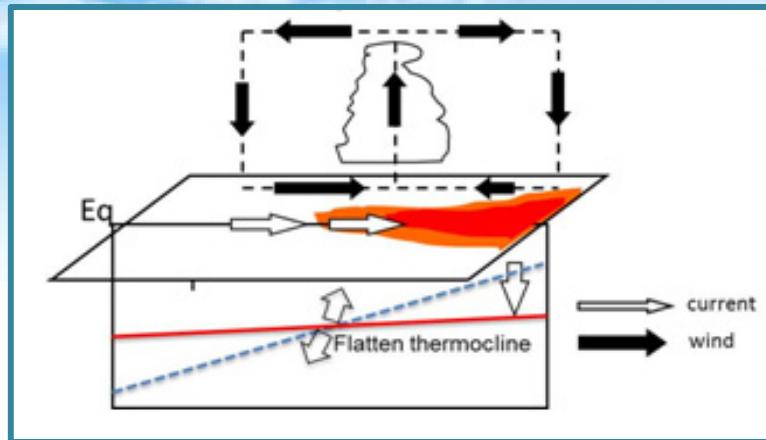
$$\frac{-\Delta prcp}{-\Delta SST} < \frac{+\Delta prcp}{+\Delta SST}$$

: 엘니뇨와 라니냐 발달이
비대칭적



AMO & Ocean-Atmosphere coupling strength

엘니뇨 발달 구조

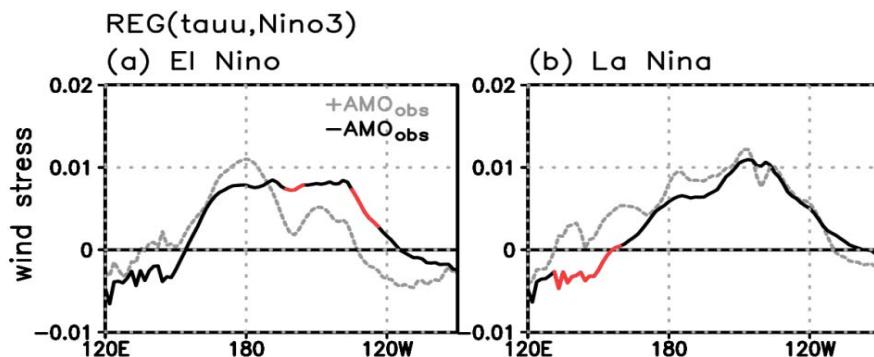


Bjerknes feedback

Warm SST anomaly
⇒ Anomalous westerly
⇒ Deep thermocline
⇒ Warmer SST
⇒ ...
: 대기-해양 결합 과정

대기-해양 결합 강도의 차이
(El Nino vs. La Nina)

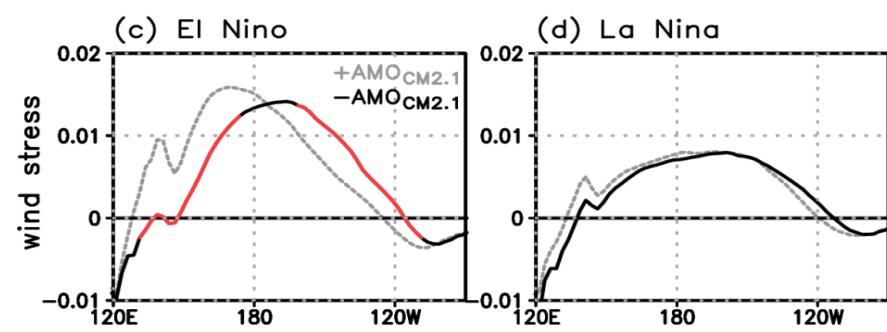
관측



$$\frac{\Delta \tau_{\text{Nino3}}}{\Delta SST_{\text{Nino3}}}$$

Partial regression
Coefficient

모형



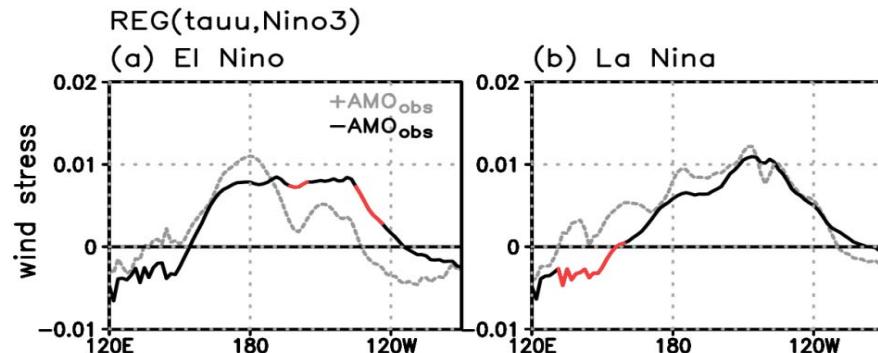
AMO & Ocean-Atmosphere coupling strength

- ✓ -AMO 시기의 엘니뇨 발달기에 대기 반응이 동쪽으로 shift
⇒ 더 강한 해양 반응 유도
⇒ -AMO 시기에 엘니뇨 강도 강화
- ✓ 라니냐 발달시에 대기-해양 결합 강도 차이는 AMO 위상에 따른 차이가 거의 없음

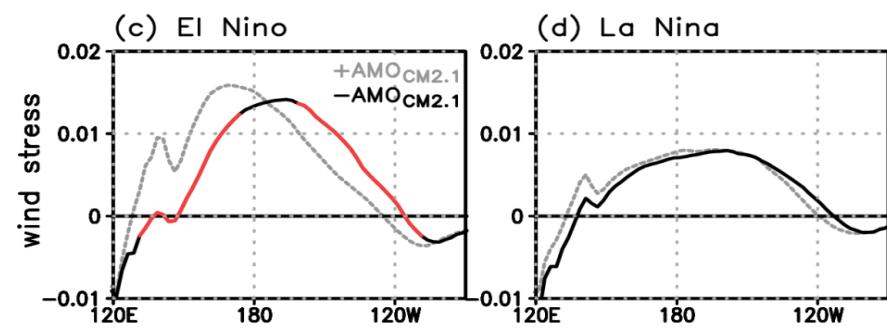
→ AMO 조건에 따른 ENSO의 비대칭적 발달

대기-해양 결합 강도의 차이
(El Nino vs. La Nina) $\frac{\Delta \tau_{\text{Nino3}}}{\Delta \text{SST}_{\text{Nino3}}}$ → Partial regression
Coefficient

관측



모형



Summary

